

## Guidelines for Cancer Prevention & Early detection <u>Skin Cancer</u>

## Introduction

In Hong Kong, the incidence of skin cancer has increased by almost 100% in the past 10 years. The three most common skin cancers are basal cell carcinoma (BBC), squamous cell carcinoma (SCC), collectively known as non-melanoma skin cancers, (NMSK) & melanoma.

Although not all skin cancers are sun-related, exposure to ultraviolet radiation and skin type are the two most important aetiologic factors of skin cancers. Importance of adequate sun protection should be made known to general public.

Primary prevention	Comments
<ul> <li>Seek shade when appropriate</li> <li>Avoid prolonged outdoor activities between 11am-3pm when the Ultraviolet (UV) ray is most damaging</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>80% of skin cancer are preventable by protecting skin from UV exposure</li> <li>80% of UV damage to skin</li> </ul>
<ul><li>especially between May and September</li><li>should avoid outdoor activities during</li></ul>	occur before age 18, thus start protection early
midday hours in summer months as UV radiation is usually most intense	<ul> <li>A few episodes of sunburn already increase the risk of developing melanoma, the</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>When participating outdoor activities, wear protective clothing, such as long-sleeved shirt, pants, a</li> </ul>	most lethal form of skin cancer
wide-brimmed hat and sunglasses, where possible	<ul> <li>Repeated blistering sunburns two times-Relative risk of</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>When swimming under the sun, generously apply sunscreen to all exposed skin with Sun Protection</li> </ul>	developing melanoma subsequently is 1.7
Factor (SPF) 15 or above and PA ++ or above that provides broad-spectrum	<ul> <li>Repeated blistering sunburns three</li> </ul>

protection from both UV B and UVA.

- Apply the sunscreen about 30 minutes before sun exposure. Be sure to use enough quantity for adequate protection
- Re-apply sunscreen every 2 hours when staying out-doors for a long time, or after one has got wet through swimming or sweating
- Sunscreen should never be used to prolong the duration of excessive sun exposure
- Do not undertake indoor tanning

times-Relative risk of developing melanoma subsequently is 3.8

(Relative risk refers to the increased risk for persons with the risk factor as compared with persons without the risk factor. If relative risk is 1, there is no increased risk)

Early detection of Non-melanoma skin cancers	Comments
<ul> <li>sore that tends to bleed or crust over but fails to heal</li> <li>presents as small, pearly papule with uprolled border</li> <li>Overlying telangiectasias are visible</li> <li>As the sore enlarges, a central ulceration may develop along with crusting</li> <li>Appears most frequently on sun-exposed head and neck region (60%) and the nose is the commonest site (30%)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Non-melanoma skin cancers NMSCs include basal cell carcinoma (BBC) &amp; squamous cell carcinoma (SCC)</li> <li>NMSC is a slow growing malignant skin tumour</li> <li>Most cases of BCC can be completely cured by surgical excision or radiotherapy</li> <li>People who were previously heavily sun-exposed &amp; people with fair skin, poor tanning ability and predisposition to sunburn are at increased risk</li> </ul>

Early detection of Melanoma	Comments
Suspicious symptoms of an ordinary pigmented lesion that may turn malignant include:	
<ul><li>Rapidly increasing size</li><li>Itch</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Melanoma is a highly malignant cutaneous neoplasm</li> <li>Predisposing factors include excessive ultraviolet irradiation (which can be cumulative or due to episodes of intense and brief severe sunburn), pre-existing naevus and family history</li> </ul>
■ Inflammation and pain	
■ Bleeding	
<ul><li>Ulceration</li></ul>	
<ul><li>Variation in colour</li><li>Satellite lesions</li></ul>	
Suspicious signs include ABCDE:	of skin cancers
■ A Asymmetry	<ul> <li>In Asians, it is more common at soles, palms,</li> </ul>
■ B Border irregularity	nail beds or mucous membrane
■ C Colour variation	
■ D Diameter > 6mm	
■ E Enlargement	

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